## 322652(22)

# B. E. (Sixth Semester) <br> EXAMINATION, Nov-Dec 2021 <br> (New Scheme) 

(Branch : CSE)
COMPILER DESIGN
Time : Three Hours ]
[ Maximum Marks : 80
[ Minimum Pass Marks : 28
Note : Part (a) of every question is compulsory. Attempt any two parts from (b), (c) and (d). All questions carry equal marks.

1. (a) List out two significances of bootstrapping of a compiler.
(b) Convert the given language $(a+b)^{*} a b b$ into DFA using subset construction algorithm. Also minimize the no. of states to have the minimized DFA. 7
(c) Draw the transition diagram that recognizes: 7
(i) Identifier with underscore
(ii) Signed integer
(iii) Signed real number
(iv) White space
(v) C-relational operators
(vi) Floating point exponent constant (vii) GOOOO. $\qquad$ .GLE.
(d) Write LEX source program specification for the token BEGIN | ENG | THEN | ELSE | letter (letter | digit) ${ }^{*}\left|\operatorname{digit}^{+}\right|<|<=|=|<>|>|>=. \quad .7$
2. (a) What is the problem of left-recursion in top-down parser? Give suitable example.
(b) For the following grammar with E as the start symbol, find the FIRST and FOLLOW sets of each of the non-terminal :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{E} \rightarrow \mathrm{TE}^{\prime} \\
& \mathrm{E}^{\prime} \rightarrow+\mathrm{TE}^{\prime} \mid \epsilon \\
& \mathrm{T} \rightarrow \mathrm{FT}^{\prime} \\
& \mathrm{T}^{\prime} \rightarrow * \mathrm{FT}^{\prime} \mid \epsilon \\
& \mathrm{F} \rightarrow(\mathrm{E}) \mid i d
\end{aligned}
$$

Also, construct the predictive parsing table for the above mentioned grammar.
(c) For the following grammar:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{E} \rightarrow \mathrm{E}+\mathrm{E} \\
& \mathrm{E} \rightarrow \mathrm{E} * \mathrm{E} \\
& \mathrm{E} \rightarrow(\mathrm{E}) \\
& \mathrm{E} \rightarrow i d
\end{aligned}
$$

Generate the sequence of actions taken by the shift-reduce parser for parsing the input string $i d_{1}+i d_{2} * i d_{3}$.
(d) Explain, how operator precedure parsing relations table is created for evaluating arithmetic expressions with example.
3. (a) What is synthesized attributes?
(b) Give a syntax-directed translation scheme for a "desk calculator" and show the sequence of moves made by bottom-up-parser of the input $23 * 5+4 \$$. 7
(c) Translate the expression 7

$$
a:=b^{*}-c+b^{*}-c \text { into }
$$

(i) Quadruples
(ii) Triples
(iii) Indirect triples
(d) Translate the following statement into the equivalent three-address code :

If $(a>b \& \& c<d)$ sum $=\operatorname{sum}+x_{i}$ else sum $=\operatorname{sum}-x_{i}$
4. (a) What is symbol table? 2
(b) What is the use of activation record ? Explain different fields in the activation record. 7
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(c) Write short notes on the following:
(i) Parameter parsing technique
(ii) Activation trees
(d) Differentiate between static, stack and heap allocation strategies. 7
5. (a) What is DAG? 2
(b) Explain in brief issues in the design of the code generator.
(c) Write short notes on the following:
(i) Global data flow analysis
(ii) Induction variable elimination
(d) Construct the DAG for the following expressions :

7

$$
a+a *(b-c)+(b-c) * d
$$

